EQUAL TPXATION - WHAT SAYS THE CONSTITUTION The Constitution forbids the States from exercising certain powers, Some of them are enumerated in Sec. 10, of the 1st Article of that instru-

"No State shall enter into any treaty, alliance or confederation; grant letters of marque and reprizal; coin money; emit bills of credit; make anyment of debts; pass any bill of attainder, ex post are administered with a single eye to the great grand scale, facto law, or law impairing the obligation of con-

It will not be denied by any intelligent person that the Government of the United States is one of delegated powers, or that it can only exercise the powers delegated or surrendered to it by the States as expressed or conveyed in the Constitu tion. We propose to apply these principles and the provisions of the Constitution which we have quoted above in discussing the right of the States to tax Government securities, the same as other property, for State or local purposes.

right to "make anything but gold and silver tender in payment of debts," or bill impairing the obligation the States are power is delegated by States to the General Government to do what the States are forbidden. It then appears that a bill or enactment of Congress, in violation of the Constitution, makes greenbacks a tender in payment of debts, instead of gold and silver coin, the only Constitutional currency. What right has Congress to thus transcend its powers? None whatever. The Constitution says the States shall not pass any bill or law "impairing the obligation of contracts." No power has been delegated to Congress by the States to Impair the obligation of contracts. What right, then, has Congress to impair the obligation of contracts by passing a law compelling the payee to receive us a legal tender greenbacks from a payor, instead of gold and silver, the only legal tender provided by the Constitution? Be it remembered, that by the Constitution

the States are forbidden "impairing the obligation of contracts." The loans, bonds, or other or contracts of the United States, and not those of the States The States, individually, have made no contracts with the holders of the securities of the General Government, which will exempt them from taxation the same as other property or capital. How then, discussing the States be charged with "Impairing the obligation of contracts." in imposing a tax upon Government securities, when they have not entered into any contract with the holders of these securities to exempt them from local taxation the same as other property? Congress has usurped the power to "impair the obligation of contracts," by compelling the creditor to take a currency not recognized or authorized by the Constitution of the United States, in the payment of debts. Constitution any more binding upon the States than upon Congress? If Congress can compel the creditor to receive from the debtor depreciated currency, it has just the same enactment, with the holders of its bends. leaps, or other securities, and one is not more to impose a tax upon United States securities for local purposes, the same as other property, it certainly must be conceded that it is catablishing the principle of repudiation-that it is "impairing the obligation of contracts"-for Congress to make a legal tender of paper in the payment of debts, instead of gold and silver coin, which the States are required to accept as the only currency recognized by the Constitution. The whole spirit and intent of the Constitution favors trary to existing laws, it is not only a high crime equal taxation, and the only restriction, by implication or otherwise, is to prevent the States from discriminating against Government securi ties by imposing greater burdens upon them than other property, to the injury of its eredit, or to its embarrassment in any way.

COURT MARTIALS.

The Journal is progressing, but it should make one editorial consistent with another. In its issue of Wednesday, it complains of a Democratic paper for endeavoring to create what i, terms a prejudice against military commissions in one article, but in another it thus excoriates institution of the times:

"The method of trial in courts martial, the oathe of secrecy, the manner of taking testimony, the written defenses, the general stiffness, awkwardness, lack of point, system, and general principles, have convinced all who have any acquaintance with them, that they are an institution sadly behind the times. These things cause the delays and want of dispatch in business that have made many of them a laughing "The idea that the mode of trial, the rules of

and direct administration of justice which the lawyers and judges have been hundreds of years in practicing, are to be ignored in military trials, is simply ridiculous. "In this age of improvement, the present sys-

tem of courts martial is as much behind the times as the old smooth-bore, flint-lock mus-

Notwithstanding this just censure of the present court-martial system, strange to say, the inportant duty of all our Representatives, and get out of the cars as other passengers did, but Journal, day after day, approves the trial of to this end the vast standing army now on foot concealed himself as well as he could on the men by such tribunals for violations of civil law. and justifies the placing not only the reputation, lately introduced into the Government, should be diately went in search of him and found him. but the lives of citizens at the disposal of courts | totally abolished. which have become a "laughing stock," in which the rules of practice that have been "hundreds of years in perfecting by lawyers and judges," are ignored, and which in every respect are be- just. hind the spirit of the times. This is the condemnation which the Journal visits upon the the party in power. No wonder that the representatives and apologists of the Republican Ad-

ERSORS We learn that a number of the Governors of the "loval" States recently assembled in grand conclave in New York for the purpose of opeernors were held in the early part of the Administration of Mr. Lincoln to impress him with the views they entertained and not only to guide the Monroe doctrine. but to dictate the policy which they thought should govern him. These influences were most unfortunate for the country and the meeting recently held forbodes no good. It is a little sin | bis forehead - Litchfield Enquirer. gular that the "loyal" Governors who profess such an abhorrence for the doctrine of State State influence and State sovereignty to control the affairs of the General Government. The athim whatever unless it be to fix him more Quincy Herald. firmly in the policy he has marked out and in-

tends to pursue.

EXTRA SESSION.

It is rumored in Republican circles, and among those who are in a position to know, that an extra session of the Legislature will be convened in October next. The financial affairs of the State, and especially the necessity of providing for the payment of the bonds of the State, fall ing due in January, 1866, require additional legislation, and justify the assembling of an extra for Auditor and Commissioner. or called session of the General Assembly

Resolutions of the Pennsylvania De mecratic state Convention. zen intrusted with the power of controlling public of the most prominent citizens in that section thing but gold and silver coin a tender in pay- affairs by his vote or otherwise, to see that they of the State, and the Fair will be gotten up on a they laid the foundations of this Republic, viz: To form a more perfect union; establish justice; who, for nine years, has conducted the Democrat insure domestic tranquility; provide for the common defense; promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and

our posterity. Whereas, The men and the party administering the Federal Government since 1861 have be trayed their trust, violated their sacred obliga tions, disregarded the commands of the fudamental law, corruptly squandered the public money, Government from its original purpose, and thereby have brought on untold calamities upon

the country; therefore, be it The Constitution says the States have no Resolved, That we, the Democracy of Penn ylvania, are now, and we always have been, faithful to the union of the States, opposing the the 24th day of August. The Phares says: secession of the South with all our influence, and having no sympathy or association whatever with that party in the North which plotted against the Union and pronounced the Constitution "a covenant with death and an agreement

Second-That if the counsels of the Democratic party had prevailed the Union would have been saved in all its integrity and honor, without the slaughter, debt and disgrace of a civil Nash war. But when the formation of sectional parties in the North and in the South, and the advent of one of these parties into the seats of power made war a fact which we could not counteract, we sustained the Federal authorities in good faith, asking nothing at their hands except a decent respect for our legal rights and some show of common honesty in the management of our financial affairs, but in both these particulars we were disappointed and be-

Third-That the Constitution established by our revolutionary fathers is entitled to our un qualified respect and obedience; the oath to support it is binding, religionsly, morally and legally, at all times, under all circumstances, and in every part of the country; upon all public officers, from the highest to the lowest, as well as upon private citizens; it is only by a strict obsecurities, of the United States, are obligations servance of its provisions, and a rigid enforcement of its obligations in all the States, that we anchor of our peace at home and safety abroad; can hope for Union, liberty or peace. He who willfully violates it, or counsels violation by others, is a public enemy and dishenest man.

Fourth-That among the rights guaranteed to us by the plainest words of the Constitution are these: Free press, freedom from arbitrary arrest and illegal imprisonment, trial by jury, the writ question from a Republican stand point, can the of habeas corpus, the perfect immunity of all persons not in the army or navy from any species of punishment for crime or pretended crime which is not the legal consequence of a legal conviction by an impartial jury, the absolute subordination of all military power to the civil authority, and the privilege of white persons to vote at the State elections, according to the laws of the State.

Fifth-That we fully concur with President Johnson in the conviction expressed by him in 1860, and repeated several times since, that the Federal Government is sovereign within its proper sphere; that it acts not through or upon the States, but directly upon individuals; that the States could not absolve the people from the Federal obligations; that the State ordinances of secession were nullities, and, therefore, when the attempted revolution came to an end by the submission of the insurgents, the States were as right to change its contract, by bill or much a part of the Union as they had been before. Their people were bound to the same duties and clothed with the same rights, excepting, of course, such rights as individuals among sacred than the other. If it is repudiation, as them had legally forfeited by their own acts in the Republican papers contend it is, for a State | the meantime, and we hereby declare that, so far as we can prevent it, the resumption of the proper places in the Union by those States, some of whose citizens were lately in rebellion, shall not be impeded or delayed by the unlawful interference of that faction at the North which was always hostile to the Union, which now pronounces it legally desolated, and which is still malig-

nantly laboring to prevent its restoration. Sixth -That the effort now making by certain persons to use the power of the General Government with a view to force negro suffrage on the States against the will of the people, and conagainst the Constitution, but a deliberate and wicked attempt to put the States of this Union all of them more or less, and some of them entirely,) under the domination of negroes, to Africanize a large portion of the country, and degrade the white race, morally and socially, as well as politically, to the low level of the black. We will not acknowledge the incapacity of our own race to govern itself, nor surrender the destinies of the country into the hands of negroes. nor put themselves under their guardianship, nor give up to them the political privileges which we inherited from our fathers, and we exhort our

brethren in other States to take up the same attitude and maintain it firmly. Seventh-That we will support President Johnson in every just effort he may make to one of the most, if not the worst, disgraceful place all the States in their proper position, to give to them a fair representation in Congress, to save them from the curse of negro equality; few days more will place a vast proportion of the he shall have our hearty approval when he inflicts legal punishment by means of legal tribunals upon offenders against the United States, The market will be glutted, and the price low. and we will be with him in every means which The health is not good-chills and fevers prelooks to the maintenace of the public credit. vailing in every section. This is the legitimate But our full approval of his administation can be founded only in the belief that he will execute the law, the whole law, and nothing but where abounds. Physicians have enough to do. the law, in all parts of the country; that he will -Logansport Pharos. not allow the military to interfere with State practice, and all the improvements in the rapid elections; that he will punish kidnapping and robbery through the legal authorities, whether | KEPPER SHOT DEAD .- On Monday of last week, committed by Federal officers or private citi- a fight occurred at Seymour, between Charles zens, and that he will suffer no person to be Gray, a saloon keeper, and a young man named murdered by Military Commission, and upon Reed, living at Crothersville, a small town on these measures there can be no compromise; he the line of the Jeffersonville Railroad. Gray

that is not for us is against us. tional debt, the great weight of our State taxes, mour. Yesterday Reed having business in In and the local burdens imposed upon us in divers dianapolis, of course had to pass through Seyways, economy and retrenchment becomes an mour. Upon arriving at Seymour he did not ought to be disbanded, the navy should be re- train. Some one on the train informed Gray

fully revised in such manner that while the pub- caught you in Seymour?" at the same time lie credit will be maintained, and the national striking him a heavy blow in the face. Reed im-

Tenth-That the gallant soldiers of the Re- without speaking. He was carried into his cofpublic, who se nobly risked their lives in defense | fee house, and Reed stepped out upon the platcourt martials, the Military Commissions, the will receive the undying gratitude of the Ameri- up - N. A. Ledger, 30th. administration of justice which has characterized can people. Living, they shall live in our warmest affections, and dring, their memories will be cherished for all time to come. To say, as our political opponents de, that they fought ministration recoil from the record it is making. and bled and died mainly for the freedom of the extract two items of interest from the testimony negro, is a gross insult on their patriotism, and on the Wertz trial. One witness stated; ANOTHER CONVOCATION OF GOV. an outrage which will be indignantly resented by their surviving comrades through the ballot

Eleventh - That the noble manner in which the than six or seven of them; they were kept about Democratic press of this Commonwealth have the eighth of a mile from the prison; he believed contended in the defense of the liberties of the | they were part and parcel of the prison discipline; rating upon the Administration. It will not be nation, amid trials and difficulties almost unpar- he did not know by whose order they were kept." forgotten that similar meetings of "loval" Gov. | alleled, is deserving of our grateful recognition, and should entitle it to the encouragement of that he ran away and was chased by dogs:

every Constitution-loving citizen. Twelfth-That we reaffirm our adherence to time he got out of the stockade he would try and

A Union Bary .- A negro baby was born in Petersburg, Va., the other day, with the exact impression of a two cent U. S. revenue stamp on close as actually to rub his nose, and then made

The circumstance is somewhat strange, and From this we learn, first, that bloodhounds not very strange either, when we consider the were not kept at Andersonville; and secondly, Rights, should endeavor through the exercise of The mother might probably have been choked fugitives all to pieces. Judging from Corbett's nullifiers, the inference is dejucible that they on a stamp, or else, as an exchange remarks, picture, it may be that a dog that happened to hold to the opinion that Ohio, as a State, has no been chased by a revenue collector. There is no rub its nose against him would get an idea that rights whatever, and that it is "treasonable" talk telling, as this is an age of progress and strange it would be unhealthy to bite that individual, but to say that she has. It she has no rights as a tempt of the "loyal" Governors to dietate to things. We don't care how it happened, the unless this be so, we must suppose that dogs State, wherefore keep up a State Legislature, President Jourson will have no influence upon father should be arrested for counterteiting .- which would not tear Corbett, would not tear and undertake to legislate, with a view that the

> -Hog stealing has become quite a common in this positive testimony about nine-tenths of all Federal Government do all this sort of business? crime in New Albany.

STATE ITEMS.

-The citizens of Greencastle have established

an Exchange and Reading Club. Democracy of Mismi county, held at the Court House, in Peru, on Saturday, September 9th 1865, for the purpose of nominating candidates

Horse Fain -The Southern Indiana Horse Fair will come off upon the Fair Grounds near New Albany, on the 12th of October. The Whereas, It is the imperative duty and should Committee of Arrangements is composed of some

THE CORYDON DEMOGRAT .- Hon. S. K. Wolfe. announces in the last issue that he has retired from the editorial tripod. Mr. Wolfe is an able and accomplished writer, and we regret his voluntary disconnection with the fraternity. will be succeeded by Amzi W. Brewster, Esq. whom Mr. Wolfe says, "from his ability, soun conservative principles and industry, will be able to render entire satisfaction to the public."

CASS COUNTY DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.-The Democracy of Cass county assembled in Dele gate Convention at Logansport on Thursday,

"The Convention was one of the most pleas ant and harmonious ever held by the Democracy, and the result of its deliberation was the selection of candidates in every respect worthy of the support, not only of Democrate, but of all good

Hop. Charles B. Lasselle was chosen Presi dent and Geo. W. Julian Secretary. Willard G was nominated for Auditor, Blair Bu change for Commissioner and James Henry for

The following resolutions were unanimously

Resolved I. That we reaffirm, as the time onored principles of the Democratic Party, the ollowing rules of National policy as declared by Thomas Jefferson, March 4, 1801: Equal and exact justice to all men, of what

ever State or persuasion, religious or political;

Peace, commerce and honest friendship with all nations-entangling alliances with none; The support of the State Governments in all their rights, as the most competent administra tion for our domestic concerns, and the surest bulwarks against anti-republican tendencies; The preservation of the General Government its whole Constitutional vigor, as the sheet

A jealous care of the right of election by the People-a mild and safe corrective of abuses which are lopped off by the sword of revolution where peaceable means are unprovided; Absolute acquiescence in the decisious of the majority-the vital principle of republics, from which there is no appeal but to force, the vital

principle and immediate parent of despotism; A well-disciplined militia-our best reliance in peace and in the first moments of war, till reguars may relieve them; The supremacy of the Civil over the Military Authority;

Economy in the public expenses, that labo may be lightly burdened; The honest payment of our debts, and sacred preservation of the public faith;

The diffusion of information, and the arraign ment of all abuses at the bar of public reason; Freedom of religion;

Freedom of the Press; Freedom of persons under the protection of the

abeas corpus; and Trial by juries impartially selected. 2. That, with sentiments of profound gratiude to Almighty God, we rejoice that the clash of arms is no longer heard in our land; that the exterminating havoc of war has ceased, and that peace, with its grateful and healing influences, per vades our borders. May that peace be perpetual, 3. That we will sacredly cherish the memory of the countless dead who have fallen in the great struggle for constitutional government, brokers and bankers in the Richmond district, and, with grateful hearts, will do henor to the paid the soldiers in seven-thirties and then re-

same great cause. and barbarous spirit should be banished from our midst, and, with the return of peace, hatred and machinery as this. The financial condition of vengeance should yield to Christian charity and the Richmond district especially shows that they

5. That the system, adopted by the Republi can party, of exempting a large amount of the the five has a capital of only \$100,000. Doubtproperty of the country from taxation, is unjust and oppressive to the masses of the people, is calculated to build up a monied aristocracy, and we hear that Stanton, his successor, is interested should be supplanted by the Democratic policy in those at Richmond. By means of these instiof "Equal Taxation. 6. That we are in favor of the right of each

tion for electors of its own citizens, and that we are with the white race of this country, in all Resolved, That we, as a party, deprecate and condemn the wicked and cruel assassination of President Lincoln, and consider it a national

State to prescribe and regulate the qualifica-

and republican governments. CROPS-HEALTH .- The intelligence from every part of this and adjoining counties gives the assurance that the crop of corn and potatoes w'll be superior in yield and quality to anything known here for years past. The cool nights and hot days are ripening the corn so rapidly that a crop beyond the reach of frosts. Potatoes are abundant, yielding largely, and a good article. country and the rank vegetation which every-

TRAGICAL AFFAIR AT SETMOUR-A SALOON whipped Reed most unmercifully, and threatened Eighth-That in view of our enormous na- to whip him every time he caught him in Seyluced, and the corrupt and extravagant practices, that Reed was abourd the train. Gray imme-Going up to Reed, he exclaimed, "D-n von Ninth-That our revenue laws need to be care- didn't I tell you I would whip you every time I honor preserved, taxation will be equal and mediately drew a revolver and held it against Gray's breast and fired. Gray fell back dead

The Wertz Trial.

For the credit of history and humanity, we "The dogs spoken of as an adjunct to the prison were the ordinary farm or plantation dogs, not bloodhounds; perhaps there were not more

The sanctimonious Boston Corbett testified "The witness told his companions that the first escape. He made the attempt and was not immediately found. He lay concealed an hour or two, and heard the yelping of hounds in the distance, then nearer and nearer. They came so a circuit around him until the hunters came up." anybody else. Ergo, the bloodhound story, so rights and interests of the people of the State pared to sell County, Township, Manufacturers and Indimuch insisted on by Abolition newspapers, loses shall not be interfered with? Why not let the

its horrors - Chicago Times.

Three Conditions for the Negrous. Let us deal with facts, and from them shap our policy. Four hundred thousand Africans exist in the United States. This is unavoidable Twenty millions of white people existing in the same country are going to fix the condition of the Africans, inferior in both numbers and pacity, either with or without their consent-no matter. Judging from common sepae, and the history of nations, which is a history of wars, I domestic or national servitude, in which condition, being neutral in all national and international quarreis, they will be protected. Second. citizenship and equality in common with the his family and General Barr should leave the whites, in which they will become involved in external and internal quarrels and outbreaks, (ther being a great element to produce them) and mixture of races, which will produce degeneracy of blood and a retrograde civilization. Third, the exercise of political rights and privileges, with social distinction-a party without political independence, in which their peculiar they will be again reduced to servitude, or, more likely, doomed to ultimate extinction. these views correct? For the Public Good.

The Greatest Swindle of All-Frauds

in the Army Pay Department. ident in that simple statement. It would be visaccident or oversight.

those at Norfolk. The rogues fell out. Col. Binney, recently chief paymaster in that district, seems just at present to be the head and front of Brough. it, and it is already reported that fourteen other evidence of the guilt of the arrested party. It is Barr in the management of his case. alleged that the crime in this case involves forgery, and there is an attempt to give the impression that it is merely a matter of selling forged discharged papers to soldiers. This is probably a blind. There is no doubt a very intimate connection between the swindling here and that in the Southern cities. They are parts of one stupendous scheme of plunder, in which the unscrupuleus creatures of the Pay Department have the friends of the family are invited. Services at the worked together, and in which the Government has been victimized to an extent of which the figures that have already leaked out hardly give

How the swindlers operated is not yet certain; but it appears to have been by means of the seven-thirty bonds. In one statement it is alleged that seven thirties were drawn by the paymasters anterior to the date at which their interest began, and that the government allowed interest from the date of sale; that the officers paid the troops in the bonds and pocketed the interest allowed above what was borne on the face of each note. And the statement is that the paymasters, being in collusion with all the bonds for legal tender notes. But these epaulet-4. That, with the cessation of war, its bloody ted financiers never submitted their money-making purposes to any such slow or inadequate operated in a bolder way. There are three banks in Richmond and two in Norfolk, and each of less all are in the hands of the paymasters. Binney was interested in the Norfolk banks, and tutions the paymasters were using Government money to such an extent that one bank held seven millions. The full figure of the five banks will foot up tremendously. Men with such financial machinery as this at their disposal were not satisfied with making eight dollars on a thousand, or even four on a hundred. Keeping so near shore as that was for smaller boats than theirs. The forgeries spoken of in the arrests calamity-to be regretted by all friends of free here point also to a larger operation. We have heard throughout the war of the discrepancy between the number of men who appeared on the pay rolls and those who appeared in the line of battle. Perhaps these forgeries will let us further into the history of that discrepancy. It there were thousands of bogus soldiers there would also be thousands of bogus discharges, for which the forger would not get five, ten or fifty dollars from a poor devil of a soldier, but tens of thousands of dollars, drawn from the Government as the supposed pay of whole regiments that never had any existence. The forgeries are

in that direction. Army was constituted, to a great extent, for just such a result as this. There are in it, and through the war have been, hundreds of men who went in purposely to take every chance to make money -men utterly without patriotism, honor or conscience. Never was such an immense amount of money disbursed so loosely; and if ever the ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE. full history is known the records of all other thievery will be white to it. Just now the proper authorities owe it to public sentiment to vigorously examine into these operations, and to punish the swindlers to the utmost possible extent. The miserably mistaken notion that all this villany should be hushed up and the villians shrouded out of regard for the army should be gotten rid of at once. Any failure on the part of the Government to act with the utmost vigor on this case will have a great demoralizing tendency, and the public will inevitably confound all who ushold the rogues with the rogues themselves .- New York Herald.

Cattle Plague in England.

The cattle plague in England is rapidly spread ing. The leading journals are discussing its probable origin; the price of beef has gone up to of the Union and the Constitution, merit and form, called for a civil officer, and gave himself tailment of his beef rations, is in a very bad humor. The cattle are dving in great numbers ! About the 1st of June, when the disease made its appearance in England, cattle were being imported from nearly every European promising section within its timits. State, in consequence of the high prices that were offered for beef. The most reasonable supposition is that the cattle were infected, and that through them the plague was communicated to the native cattle. The present indications are that the beef-eaters will be compelled to espouse vegetarianism. The exorbitant prices demanded by the butchers, together with the popular fear GOOD WINE MADE FROM SORGHUM! that the meat may be of the plague variety, has already caused a remarkable diminution in the weekly sales .- New York Sun.

Has Ohio No Hights as a state!

-Ohio Statesman, - I are Este XII Este XI

[From the Cleveland Leader, [Rep ]] The Closing Scene.

The closing scenes in the life of Gov. Brough. Spaulding Rogers & Hanlons' as described to us by an eye-witness, are full of nterest and pathos. On Monday evening at about 9 o'clock, the Governor awakened from the insensibility in which he had lain for some days, and at the request of his family, who gath | COMBINATION ered around his bed-side, Surgeon General Barr informed him that all which human skill could From do for him had been attempted, and in vain, and that now he was in the hands of Almighty God. He could not live forty eight hours. The Gov. Circus, Ballet and Minstrelsy ernor was greatly shocked at this appouncement. and, looking General Barr in the face, desired him to repeat what he had said. General Barr again stated that he had not forty-eight hours to Twenty First-Class Artists. live. The Governor requested that all except room. After this had been done, he conversed calmly and rationally with his family for some time on private family affairs. Turning to General Barr, and apparently ad-

the Governor proceeded to speak of his religious views and hopes. He said, in substance, that he was no theologian, and had never made any or local interests will soon provoke trouble, when profession of religion. He had, however, always endeavored to live honestly and uprightly in his Are relations with his fellow-men, and he hoped and believed that he had so done. He confessed that he had sinned greatly, although he denounced as false the slanderous rumors of his drunkenness and licentiousness which had been cir-The embezzlement, fraud and forgery that are | culated. But, though he acknowledged that he discovered to have been carried on in the Pay had been a great sinner in the sight of God, he Department of the United States Army will prove to be the gigantic operation of this swind-ling period. Ketchum, with his two millions, will sink out of sight when all the facts of this regard to his responsibility, not only to the countries. The sight of God, he weather, containing a spacious Parquette with 450 Numbered Chairs, a capacious Parquette with 450 Numb affair are made public. One fact already known | try, but to God. He also stated that he had indicates this pretty clearly. That fact is, that never gone to bed at night for twenty years a Norfolk bank, whose securities are less than | without first praying to God for forgiveness and one hundred thousand dollars in amount, was protection, and that he died penitently, acknowlentrusted, by the manipulations of paymasters, edging his sins and trusting in Christ for with seven million dollars of Government money. pardon. As he spoke, the Governor raised Corruption of the most extensive character is ev- his eyes, and, as though death lent supernal keenness to them, exclaimed that he saw the lonary to expect an honest purpose where we Mediator standing on the right hand of the and such a disproportion between the trust im Father, making intercession for his sins. He posed and the security exacted, and it would be concluded with the emphatic declaration, several perhaps equally visionary to suppose that offi | times repeated: "I die happilg and gloriously." cials would be superior to such temptation if this | The scene was deeply affecting, and at the close distribution of Government money resulted from of it, the Governor put his arms around the neck of General Barr, and with deep emotion thanked This grand piece of villany first comes to light him for his care and attention, expressing perfect in the Riehmond pay district, and that it comes | satisfaction with his medical treatment. He then to light at all at present, perhaps, results from a took his farewell of his family. About midnight quartel between the national banks there and he relapsed into insensibility, which continued without intermission until his death.

Such were the last hours in the life of John It is well-known, though never yet publicly paymasters-Binney's subordinates-are involved announced, that Gov. Brough had been tendered in the frauds. It will be found that the opera | the portfolio of the War Department by Presi tion has extended beyond the one district named. dent Johnson, in view of the long-contemplated Our Richmond correspondent informs us of the suspicion that "a large number of Northern paymasters are involved in similar transactions," and masters are involved in similar transactions," and would enable him to accept the position. The hints at what may have been done in the immense dishursements made at the various depots at which President and Secretary of War is further testithe homeward bound troops have been sent from fied by the extreme anxiety which they have Royalty and Nobility, vieing with the populace in prothe seat of war. Simultaneously with this it manifested to hear daily reports of his condition. turns up that corrupt practices of some character | and by the fact that a surgeon, especially aminent are just coming te light in the Pay Department for the treatment of the disease under which the of the United States Army in this city. One Governor was suffering, was detailed by the order arrest has been made, and there is undoubted of Secretary Stanton to assist Surgeon General feats of other gymnasts and acrobats, that have generally

DIED.

On the 31st nit, of congestive chill, Marina Waters The funeral will take place this afternoon, at three e'clock, from the residence of her brother, Wesley Wright, No. 156 South Pennsylvania street, to which

MASONIC NOTICE.

THE stated monthly meeting of the Indianapolis Chapter No. 5, will be held this (Friday) evening, CHAS. FISHER, Secretary.

PROCLAMATION. MAYOR'S PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, the Common Council of the City of Indianapolis, in session August 28th, 1865, adopted living who have periled life and fortune in the anged a large discount for the exchange of the 5 Whereas, in the opinion of the Council danger exist. from dogs running at large of the extension of Hydro, RENRI AUGUSTE, consists of MAD. AUGUSTE, MISS phobia; therefore, be it Resolved, That the Mayor be and he is hereby directed

o issue his proclamation against dogs running at large, for sixty days, according to the provisions of the ordinance on that subject. Therefore, the undersigned, Mayor of said city, in pursuance of such direction, issues this proclamation, ordering and requiring all persons owning and harbering any animal of the dog kind, to confine the same for sixty days, from and after the first day of September, 1865, by good and sufficient means, to his or her house, out-house, store or yard, to prevent the same from biting or being bitten by other animals, or to cause the same to be se-

curely and carefully muzzled. All persons failing to comply with the foregoing requirements are liable to be fined twenty dollars, and it lawful for any person to kill, and it is the duty of the olicemen to kill, all dogs found running at large without wearing a muzzle as above mentioned

Witness my signature, and the seal of said city, this 30th day of August, 1865 J. CAVEN, Mayor.

PUBLIC SALOON. LITTLE GIANT

Saloon and Restaurant

No. 18 Virginia Avenue. OPEN DAY AND NIGHT. WORLAND & MUTCHETT, Props.

OIL STOCK. OIL AND MINING COMPANY

HENRYVILLE, IND.

Capital Stock. - - \$500.000.

Divided into 10 000 Shares. Par

Value \$50 each.

HARRISON DAILY, President. M. ROSENTHALL, freasurer. J. W. THOMPSON, Secretary

THE public are hereby notified that books are now open at the office of H. Daily, Indianapolis, and B. Rosenthall, Jeffersonville, Ind., for the sale of a limited an extravagant foure, and John Bull, who can number of shares. The proceeds of the sales of this stand anything with better grace than the cur- stock to be devoted to the development of the oil and mineral lands belonging to the Company, at and in the neighborhood of Henryville. The boring is now progressing under the supervision of an experienced operawherever the plague has made its appearance, tor. The Company has three thousand acres of land, but opinions differ as to whether the disease is a situated nineteen miles from Jeffersonville, near Henrycontagion or an epidemic, and also whether it with the geological formations, are such as to justify the was generated in England or imported from most sanguine expectations of inding abundant deposits some other country. The London Times of oil. Experienced oil mer from the oil regions of holds to the opinion that the disease Pennsylvania and elsewhere, have prospected this teris indigenous to England, but the most ricory, and say that it compares favorably with the best

> HARRISON DAILY, President. au30 dd wtf

> > WINE.

ULY 13th, 1862, Rev. A. Myers, of Springfield, Ohio.

secured a patent to make Sorghum Wine This Wine is not intoxicating. is better than the best. Cheaper than the cheapest.

Is very efficient in cases of sickness. Can be made for 25 cents per gallon. Requires no drugs to make it.

Can be made from the skimmings off syrup making. No trouble to make it.

If anybody wants to know anything about this Wine let them address Apple & Wesner, St. Paul, Ind , who are assignees of A. Myers of his patent, and proprietors of the patent invention for "Improved Sorgium Wine," in and for the State of Indiana, and who are new previdual Rights, with the receipt to make the Wine.

Agents wanted to sell Rights in every County not sold.

For particulars address APPLE & WESNER,

sug3-d2m St. Paul, Indiana.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND

TROUPES! the choice features of the

Of whom I freen are the Sensation of the Age

Will be exhibited in

THE PORTABLE ACADEMY OF MUSIC,

dressing his remarks more particularly to him, To be erected in this City, FOR FIVE DAYS, Commencing Monday, August 28. Doors open at 7; Overture at 8. MATINEES EVERY AFTERNOON EX CEPT MONDAY.

> Doors open at 1; commence at 9. The Portable Academy of Music is MORE COOL, COSY FOR CHILDREN TEETHING,

HANLON BROTHERS!

Six in number-WILLIAM.

Occupy the same position in Gymnastics, Acrobatics, and Acrostatics as Patti, Grist, Mario and Thalberg in Lyrics. They are absolutely matchless, and for eight years no Gymnastic Artists, professional or amateur, have had the temerity to even pretend rivalry. For several years their

ALFRED.

eight great specialities
Aereepatetic Miracles,
The Double Aerial Trapezimus, The Triple Parterre. The Gymnastic Zonaves. The Quadrille Anabathiou,

found emotions, now of consternation, now of the most ecstatic pleasure, during the different phases of the ex-Between these sensation chef de œucres, the Hanlon Brothers intersperse, at every performance, the familiar seen considered meritorious, but which, in the hands of these master artists become metamorphosed into gemof such surpassing beauty, that the public scarcely recog-

The management have pride in first introducing to a Western public at this time the following distinguished artists, who have no equals in their several department

Die Bull or a Vieux Temps.

The incomparable Italian Tight-Rope Artist. SICNORITA ROSITA, Who has no rival of any sex, age or country. MONS. HENRY AUGUSTE, The great French master of Coup-de-main and Coup-

The inimitable Ethiopian Delineator BOB HART. The unrivalled Eccentric Comedian and Banjoist, DICK PARKER. And the unequalled Comic Negro Dancer; MASTER CHARLEY. The incomparable Comic Singer,

BILLY PASTOR. The Corps de Ballet, under the direction of Mona

Management.

Henri Auguste .... ...... Maître ce Ballet. Apmission—50 cents; Children under ten, 25 cents.
The numbered Chairs 25 cents in addition. Ticket office open for securing seats daily from 10 to 12 A. M., and from 4 to 8 P. M. aug 25-diw

Thomas Hart .....

MEAT MARKET. NEW MEAT MARKET

C. FINCH

AS opened a Meat Market at No. 276 West Washington street, (opposite Engine House) where car be found at all times. Fresh Beef, Mutton, Pork, Veal and Cut Meats of all descriptions, from the choicest stock. Also, Sugar Cured Hams, Shoul-ders, Side Meat, &c., of the best quality.

ALES.

The patronage of the public is solicited. au30-dlw

SANDS' CELEBRATED CHICAGO

ANDXXXPORTER JOS, O'CONNEB, Sole Agent,

No. 54 South Illinois Street. INDIANAPOLIS, IND. THE undersigned has always on hand a large supply of Barrels and Half Barrels for the Trade, and Quarter Barrels for Private Families.

He also bottles Ale and Porter expressly for Private Pamilies, as it is strongly recommended by Physicians for its medicinal properties. JOS. O'CONNER.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. Notice of Administration. THE undersigned having been this day appointed Ad

ministratrix of the estate of Dr. Thornton Aowing said estate are hereby notified to call and make payment thereof, and all persons having claims agains said estate will present the same for payment. The es tate is solvent. MARY F. JOHNSON,

WANTED.

Wanted Immediately, A T SOUTH NEW JERSEY STREET DOOR, BLIND and Sash Factory, a man experienced in the running of a Surfacing Machine and Saws. None other need apply. Steady employment and liberal wages WARREN TATE.

August 24, 1865. WANTED, AGENTS. MALE OR FEMALE -CAN CLEAR \$50 PER week at their own home, in a light and honorable

ess. Any person having a few hours daily to spend will find this a good paying business. Address, sending stamp, for full particulars, E. E. Lockwood, Detroit, aug25-d6t&wlt \$75 A MONTH - AGENTS WAS THE SOUTH STATE OF SEWING Machines. We will give a commis-Sewing Machines. We will give a commis-on all machines sold, or employ agents who will work for the above wages and all axpenses paid. Ad-those of your readers who have babies can't do better

PROFESSIONAL.

LUTHER D. WATERMAN, M. D.,

dress, D. B. HERRINTON & Co., Detroit, Michigan.

aug25-d6t&wlt

than lay in a supply."

Fragrictors.

An Experienced Nurse and Female Physician offer

Which greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation, will allay

Relief and Health to Your Infants.

We have put up and sold this article for over 30 years, and CAN SAY IN CONFIDENCE AND TRUTH of it what we have never been able to say of any other medicine— NEVER HAS IT FAILED IN A SINGLE INSTANCE TO EFFECT A CURE, when timely used. Never did we know an instance of dissatisfaction by any one who used it. On the contrary, all are delighted with its opers tions, and speak in terms of commendation of its magica effects and medical virtues. We speak in this matter "WHAT WE DO KNOW," after 30 years experience AND PLEDGE OUR REPUTATION FOR THE PULFIL nize their old favorites, like the popular air of the plan-tation darkey when manipulated with variations by an MENT OF WHAT WE HERE DECLARD. In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in fifteen or twenty minutes after the syrup is administered. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PRE-

Sold by Druggists throughout the world

Price only 35 Cents a Bottle.

KINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper.

The Florence Nightingale of the Nursery.

The following is an extract from a letter written by the Rev. E. Z. Weiser, to the German Reformed Mossenger, at Chambersburg, Pa.:

A BENEFACTRESS. There is a woman in the public eye whose name had and we desire to wrest her name from all such suspicious associations in all other minds. Whatever notions we may have of womanly delicacy and propriety, we will all admit that woman alone is the Nurse—the good all admit that woman alone is the Nurse—the good Nurse—the best Nurse. Whether we shall have Female Physicians or not, is a question which must be decided by time and principle, and not a matter of taste. Pride, prejudice, caprice and custom may as well behave themselves, for if there is really a want, there will also be a supply; if there be a "calling," there will be a coming. Nature and human society are always self-supplying, and though Art and Fashien may hinder, they cannot

Nor does she prescribe a regimen for your wives; but she modestly appears as a messenger of health and happiness to your infants in the cradle. Is there anything improper in that? A Nurse of "30 years" experience can holdly say what is or is not good for a babe, and ought to be listened to. God speed her on her humble and happy mission. She is the most successful physician and most effectual herefactures our little ones over mosi effectual benefactress our little ones ever enjoyed—her doting parents not excepted. Just open the door for her, and Mrs. Winslow will prove the Amer-iran Florence Nightingale of the Nursery. Of this we are so sure, that we will teach eur "Susy" to say "A Blessing on Mrs. Winslow"—for helping her to survive and escape the griping, colicking and teething siege. We confirm every work set forth in the prospectus. It performs precisely what it professes to perform, every part of it—nothing less—Away with your "Cordial," "Parogoric," "Drops," "Laudanum," and every other "Narcotic," by which the babe is drugged into stupidity,

We have never seen Mrs. Winslow-know her only through the preparation of her "Soothing Syrup for Children Teething." If we had the power we would make her, as she is, a physical savior to the infantrace

and rendered dull and idiotic for life.

Mother and Child. MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTBING STRUP for children teething, softens the gams, reduces inflammation, at lays all pain, and cures wind cholic. Perfectly rafe in il cases. We would say to every mother who has a suffering child, do not let your prejudice, nor the preju-dices of others, stand between you and your suffering

child and the relief that will be sure—yes, absolutely sure—to follow the use of this medicine if timely used.

Rest. Health and Comfort to

DON'T FAIL TO PROCURE MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP, for children teething. It has been used for 30 years with never failing safety and success by millions of mothers for their children. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind choice, regulates the bowels, and gives rest, health and comfort to mether and child. Office No. 48 Day street, New York.

DO NOT LET YOUR PREJUDICE STAND BETWEEN your suffering child and the relief that will be absolutey sure to follow the use of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTH-NG SYRUP. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind cholic, regulates the bowels, softens the gume, gives rest to the mother and health to thechild

The following is an extract from a letter written by the Rev. J. S. Holme, pastor of the Pierrepont Street Baptist Church, Brooklyn, N. Y., to the Journal and Messenger, Cincinnati, O., and speaks volumes in favor of that world-renowned medicine, MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP, FOR CHILDREN TRETHING

"We see an advertisement in your columns of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING STRUP. Now, we never said a word in favor of a patent medicine before in our life, but we feel compelled to say to your readers that this is no humbng-we have tried it, and know it to be all it

SPECIAL CAUTION.

Physiciam and Surgeon,

The great popularity of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, for children teething, has induced unprincipal persona to put up articles to be used for the same purpose, in advertising which they have not only copied our advertisements and notices from the press, but have copied certificates and letters from clergymen and others, affixing other names to our genuine certificates night.

Beware ctall finite tore